

THAT WHICH IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An optical profile determining apparatus comprising:
 - an optical detector;
 - an optical source for generating a transmit
 - 5 beam comprising a plurality of wavelengths, and for generating a reference beam comprising the plurality of wavelengths; and
 - at least one optical element for directing the transmit beam to a target, for directing a resulting
 - 10 reflected transmit beam back from the target to said optical detector, and for combining the reference beam with the reflected transmit beam so that a profile of the target is based upon fringe contrast produced by the plurality of wavelengths in the reference beam and the
 - 15 plurality of wavelengths in the reflected transmit beam.
2. An apparatus according to Claim 1 wherein said optical source comprises:
 - a plurality of lasers for generating a plurality of individual transmit beams, each laser
 - 5 operating at a different wavelength; and
 - a multiplexer for multiplexing the plurality of individual transmit beams into a combined transmit beam.
3. An apparatus according to Claim 2 wherein said optical source further comprises:
 - a splitter downstream from said multiplexer for splitting the combined transmit beam into a first beam
 - 5 and a second beam, the first beam defining the transmit beam; and

a delay circuit downstream from said splitter for delaying the second beam to define the reference beam.

4. An apparatus according to Claim 1 wherein said optical source tilts a wavefront of the reference beam directed to said optical detector with respect to a wavefront of the reflected transmit beam directed to said
5 optical detector.

5. An apparatus according to Claim 1 wherein said at least one optical element comprises:

a first lens for collimating the transmit beam;

5 a lenslet array downstream from said first lens for directing the transmit beam toward the target; and

a second lens downstream from said lenslet array for projecting the transmit beam onto the target at predetermined locations thereon.

6. An apparatus according to Claim 5 further comprising a plurality of spaced apart reflectors at the respective predetermined locations on the target for providing the reflected transmit beam.

7. An apparatus according to Claim 6 wherein said optical detector comprises a processor for computing a distance to the target for each reflector based upon a corresponding fringe contrast associated therewith for
5 determining the profile of the target.

8. An apparatus according to Claim 6 wherein

said lenslet array comprises a plurality of lenses, each lens being associated with a respective reflector.

9. An apparatus according to Claim 1 wherein said at least one optical element comprises a mirror having an opening therein for receiving the transmit beam and the reference beam, said mirror also directing the
5 reflected transmit beam to said optical detector.

10. An apparatus according to Claim 9 wherein said at least one optical element further comprises an imaging lens for directing the reflected transmit beam and the reference beam to said optical detector.

11. An apparatus according to Claim 1 wherein said optical detector comprises a processor for computing a distance to the target based upon an amplitude of the fringe contrast.

12. An apparatus according to Claim 11 wherein said processor computes the distance to the target using the amplitude of the fringe contrast in a ratio of a peak-to-peak variation in intensity to an average
5 intensity.

13. An apparatus according to Claim 1 wherein said optical detector comprises a charge-coupled device (CCD).

14. An apparatus according to Claim 13 wherein the profile of the target is based upon a single exposure of said CCD.

15. An optical profile determining apparatus comprising:

an optical detector;

a plurality of lasers for generating a
5 plurality of individual transmit beams, each laser
operating at a different wavelength;

a multiplexer for multiplexing the plurality of
individual transmit beams into a combined transmit beam;

a splitter downstream from said multiplexer for
10 splitting the combined transmit beam into a first beam
and a second beam, the first beam defining a transmit
beam;

a delay circuit downstream from said splitter
for delaying the second beam to define a reference beam;

15 and

at least one optical element for directing the
transmit beam to a target, for directing a resulting
reflected transmit beam back from the target to said
optical detector, and for combining the reference beam
20 with the reflected transmit beam so that a profile of the
target is based upon fringe contrast produced by the
plurality of wavelengths in the reference beam and the
plurality of wavelengths in the reflected transmit beam.

16. An apparatus according to Claim 15 wherein
the reference beam directed to said optical detector has
a wavefront that is tilted with respect to a wavefront of
the reflected transmit beam directed to said optical
5 detector.

17. An apparatus according to Claim 15 wherein
said at least one optical element comprises:

a first lens for collimating the transmit beam;

- 5 a lenslet array downstream from said first lens for directing the transmit beam toward the target; and
a second lens downstream from said lenslet array for projecting the transmit beam onto the target at predetermined locations thereon.

18. An apparatus according to Claim 17 further comprising a plurality of spaced apart reflectors at the respective predetermined locations on the target for providing the reflected transmit beam.

19. An apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said optical detector comprises a processor for computing a distance to the target for each reflector based upon a corresponding fringe contrast associated therewith for
5 determining the profile of the target.

20. An apparatus according to Claim 18 wherein said lenslet array comprises a plurality of lenses, each lens being associated with a respective reflector.

21. An apparatus according to Claim 15 wherein said at least one optical element comprises a mirror having an opening therein for receiving the transmit beam and the reference beam, said mirror also directing the
5 reflected transmit beam to said optical detector.

22. An apparatus according to Claim 21 wherein said at least one optical element further comprises an imaging lens for directing the reflected transmit beam and the reference beam to said optical detector.

23. An apparatus according to Claim 15 wherein said optical detector comprises a processor for computing a distance to the target based upon an amplitude of the fringe contrast.

24. An apparatus according to Claim 23 wherein said processor computes the distance to the target using the amplitude of the fringe contrast in a ratio of a peak-to-peak variation in intensity to an average
5 intensity.

25. An apparatus according to Claim 15 wherein said optical detector comprises a charge-coupled device (CCD).

26. An apparatus according to Claim 25 wherein the profile of the target is based upon a single exposure of said CCD.

27. A method for determining a profile of a target comprising:

generating a transmit beam comprising a plurality of wavelengths, and generating a reference beam
5 comprising the plurality of wavelengths;
directing the transmit beam to a target;
directing a resulting reflected transmit beam back from the target to an optical detector; and
combining the reference beam with the reflected
10 transmit beam so that a profile of the target is based upon fringe contrast produced by the plurality of

wavelengths in the reference beam and the plurality of wavelengths in the reflected transmit beam.

28. A method according to Claim 27 wherein generating the transmit and reference beams comprises:

generating a plurality of individual transmit beams using a plurality of lasers operating at different

5 wavelengths;

multiplexing the plurality of individual transmit beams into a combined transmit beam;

splitting the combined transmit beam into a first beam and a second beam, the first beam defining the

10 transmit beam; and

delaying the second beam to define the reference beam.

29. A method according to Claim 27 further comprising tilting a wavefront of the transmit beam being directed to the optical detector with respect to a wavefront of the reflected transmit beam being directed

5 to the optical detector.

30. A method according to Claim 27 wherein directing the multiplexed transmit beam and the resulting reflected transmit beam is performed using at least one optical element comprising:

5 a first lens for collimating the multiplexed transmit beam;

a lenslet array downstream from the first lens for directing the transmit beam toward the target; and

10 a second lens downstream from the lenslet array
for projecting the transmit beam onto the target at
predetermined locations thereon.

31. A method according to Claim 30 wherein a
plurality of spaced apart reflectors are at the
respective predetermined locations on the target for
providing the reflected transmit beam.

32. A method according to Claim 30 further
comprising computing a distance to the target for each
reflector based upon a corresponding fringe contrast
associated therewith for determining the profile.

33. A method according to Claim 31 wherein
the lenslet array comprises a plurality of lenses, each
lens being associated with a respective reflector.

34. A method according to Claim 27 further
comprising directing the transmit beam and the reference
beam through an opening in a mirror, the mirror also for
directing the reflected transmit beam to the optical
5 detector.

35. A method according to Claim 27 further
comprising computing a distance to the target based upon
an amplitude of the fringe contrast.

36. A method according to Claim 35 wherein
computing the distance to the target includes using the
amplitude of the fringe contrast in a ratio of a peak-to-
peak variation in intensity to an average intensity.

37. A method according to Claim 27 wherein the optical detector comprises a charge-coupled device (CCD).

38. A method according to Claim 37 wherein the profile of the target is determined based upon a single exposure of the CCD.